Philippines

What it produces, exports, imports and uses, among the commodities tracked here

Top-ten producer of

Commodity	World rank	Share of world	Year
Coconut oil	1	39%	2023
Nickel	2	6.9%	2025
Pineapples	2	10%	2024
Cobalt	5	1.2%	2025
Plantains	5	6.9%	2024
Bananas	7	4%	2024
Rice	8	2.3%	2024
Natural rubber	9	2.5%	2024

Top-ten exporter of

Commodity	World rank	Share of world exports	Export value
Coconut oil	2	25%	$2 billion
Pineapples	2	15%	$430.4 million
Bananas	4	9.3%	$1.5 billion
Sisal	5	3.2%	$21.9 million
Plantains	6	3.8%	$42 million
Chromium	9	0.4%	$36.1 million

Of $9.6 billion of tracked-commodity exports, 32% is gold, then coconut oil (21%).

Top-ten importer of: rice (#2), wheat (#6), copper (#8), tungsten (#10).

What it uses (FAO food balances, 2023)

Commodity	Domestic supply	kg per person	Self-sufficiency	Imported
Rice	24.4 million tonnes	200	81%	19%
Corn	9.1 million tonnes	33	92%	8.3%
Wheat	6.7 million tonnes	47	<0.1%	102%
Milk	5.4 million tonnes	24	0.6%	101%
Bananas	3.8 million tonnes	27	153%	<0.1%
Cassava	3.3 million tonnes	9.8	77%	23%

Single-supplier import markets

Philippines buys half or more of its imports from one country in 7 of 17 import markets of $250 million or more: coal from Indonesia (98%); rice from Vietnam (73%); palm oil from Malaysia (61%); steel from China (71%); iron ore from Brazil (92%).

Sources: FAOSTAT, USGS Mineral Commodity Summaries, Energy Institute Statistical Review (production); CEPII BACI (trade); FAOSTAT Food Balances (use). Ranks count only the commodities on this site. Cite as: Commodity Origins, "Philippines", https://commodityorigins.com/countries/PHL/ (CC BY 4.0). Full page, sources and downloads: https://commodityorigins.com/countries/PHL/. Text is written with AI assistance and checked against the cited data; figures are computed from the sources (https://commodityorigins.com/about/#how-ai-is-used).